## SOLAR PRO.

## Myanmar containerized power generation

What is the energy demand supply situation in Myanmar?

The Myanmar energy demand supply situation indicates that power generation mix must shift to more coal and hydropower, continued use of biomass, natural gas consumption, and appropriate increase of renewable energy such as solar PV and wind power generation.

What is happening in Myanmar's power sector?

Myanmar's power sector has been severely afected by the ongoing political turmoil. The power sector has been spiralling downwardsince 2021 with prolonged electricity blackouts throughout the country. Electricity generation has been declining, resulting in a widening power supply-demand gap.

How is transport energy consumption projected in Myanmar?

Source: Author's calculations. In Myanmar,transport energy consumption is projected based on the energy requirements of major sectors(industry,transport,agriculture,and households). The choice of fuel type is determined by available supply,since energy demands must be met mainly by domestic sources.

What's going on with Myanmar's energy infrastructure?

Atackson energy infrastructure (August 2021 - February 2023) Source: Myanmar Institute for Peace and Security. The reported number of conflict-related incidents on electricity infrastructure has been declining following the peak in late 2021 and early 2022, but grid network capacity remains vulnerable.

Is Myanmar a good place for hydroelectric power generation?

Myanmar has numerous rivers and streams for electricity generation. Kachin State, Shan State, Kayah State, and Rakhine State are particularly promising areas for hydroelectric power generation. According to the Asian Development Bank (ADB), Myanmar has significant potential in hydropowerand could produce up to 100,000 megawatts.

Does Myanmar have a power supply gap?

Myanmar's power sector will likely continue to experience significant challenges. To sustain the current level of power supply would require adding 300-500 MW every year until 2030. Scenario analysis on the power supply-demand gap illustrates that available generating capacity is projected to not meet the growing demand.

OverviewEnergy usage and ElectrificationHydropowerSolar energyOil and gasWind energyMyanmar"s energy sector is characterised by low per capita energy consumption and a limited electrification rate, with an estimated 65% of the population lacking access to the national grid as of 2019. Most of the country"s rural population relies on biomass, such as wood, as their primary energy source. Myanmar has abundant energy resources, particularly hydropower and natura...



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